

# Package: gpmapr (via r-universe)

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all_genes	<i>All genes</i>
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## Description

Get all genes from the API

## Usage

```
all_genes()
```

## Value

A dataframe containing all genes with the following columns:

- id: the id of the gene
- gene: the name of the gene
- description: the description of the gene
- gene\_biotype: the gene biotype
- chr: the chromosome of the gene
- start: the start position of the gene
- stop: the end position of the gene
- strand: the strand of the gene
- source: the source of the gene
- distinct\_trait\_categories: the number of trait categories that the gene is associated with via coloc groups
- distinct\_protein\_coding\_genes: the number of genes that the gene is associated with via coloc groups
- num\_study\_extractions: the number of study extractions for this gene
- num\_coloc\_groups: the number of coloc groups for this gene
- num\_coloc\_studies: the number of studies that have coloc results for this gene
- num\_rare\_groups: the number of rare groups for this gene

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all_traits	<i>All traits</i>
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## Description

Get all traits from the API

## Usage

```
all_traits()
```

## Value

A dataframe containing all traits with the following columns:

- id: the id of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- trait: the internal string id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the trait category of the trait
- variant\_type: the type of variant
- sample\_size: the sample size of the trait
- category: the category of the trait (continuous, categorical)
- ancestry: the ancestry of the trait
- heritability: the LDSC heritability score of the trait
- heritability\_se: the standard error of the LDSC heritability score of the trait
- num\_study\_extractions: the number of study extractions for this trait
- num\_coloc\_groups: the number of coloc groups for this trait
- num\_coloc\_studies: the number of studies that have coloc results for this trait
- num\_rare\_results: the number of rare results for this trait

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 associations

*Get Associations by SNP ID and Study ID*


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### Description

Get associations from the API by SNP id and study id

### Usage

```
associations(variant_ids, study_ids)
```

### Arguments

variant\_ids     A vector of numeric values specifying the SNP IDs  
 study\_ids       A vector of numeric values specifying the Study IDs

### Value

A dataframe containing the associations

### associations\_dataframe

The associations dataframe contains information about which studies have association results. It has the following columns:

- variant\_id: the id of the SNP associated with this association
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this association
- beta: the beta value of the association
- se: the standard error of the association
- p: the p-value of the association
- eaf: the estimated allele frequency of the association
- imputed: whether the association is imputed

---

 gene

*Gene*


---

### Description

A collection of studies that are associated with a particular gene.

**Usage**

```
gene(  
  gene_id,  
  include_associations = FALSE,  
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,  
  include_trans = TRUE,  
  h4_threshold = 0.8  
)
```

**Arguments**

gene_id	A numeric value specifying the gene id
include_associations	A logical value specifying whether to include associations (BETA, SE, P), defaults to FALSE
include_coloc_pairs	A logical value specifying whether to include coloc pairs, defaults to FALSE
include_trans	A logical value specifying whether to include trans genetic effects, defaults to TRUE
h4_threshold	A numeric value specifying the h4 threshold for coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

**Details**

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

**Value**

A list which contains the following elements:

- gene: A list containing metadata about the gene, including region, and neighboring genes.
- coloc\_groups: a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc results for this gene. See below for details.
- study\_extractions: a list of dataframes containing the study extractions for this trait. See below for details.
- rare\_results: (optional) a list of dataframes containing the rare results for this trait
- coloc\_pairs: (optional) a dataframe containing all pairwise coloc results for this trait.
- variants: a dataframe containing the variants for each associated coloc group or rare group.

See below for details.

**coloc\_groups\_dataframe**

The coloc\_groups dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- coloc\_group\_id: the unique id for this group of colocalised results
- study\_id: the id of the study

- `study_extraction_id`: the id of the study extraction
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `cis_trans`: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP
- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

#### **study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The `study_extractions` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `id`: the unique id for this study extraction
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this study extraction
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `snp`: the SNP name
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `unique_study_id`: the unique id for this study
- `study`: the study name
- `file`: the file name
- `svg_file`: the SVG file name
- `file_with_lbfs`: the file name with lbfs
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `cis_trans`: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene

- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The `rare_results` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `rare_result_group_id`: the unique id for this rare result group
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- `study_extraction_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP

### **coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The `coloc_pairs` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- `study_extraction_a_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- `study_extraction_b_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `h3`: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- `h4`: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- `spurious`: whether this coloc pair is spurious

**variants\_dataframe**

The variants dataframe contains variant information that is pulled from the Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) database. It has the following columns, along side many more columns from VEP:

- id: the id of the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene as predicted by VEP
- gene: the gene name as predicted by VEP

---

genes

*Genes*

---

**Description**

Get specific genes from the API. The API returns collapsed/combined data for all requested genes.

**Usage**

```
genes(
  gene_ids,
  include_associations = FALSE,
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,
  include_trans = TRUE,
  h4_threshold = 0.8
)
```

**Arguments**

gene_ids	A vector of gene ids (1 or more)
include_associations	A logical value specifying whether to include associations (BETA, SE, P), defaults to FALSE
include_coloc_pairs	A logical value specifying whether to include coloc pairs, defaults to FALSE
include_trans	A logical value specifying whether to include trans genetic effects, defaults to TRUE
h4_threshold	A numeric value specifying the h4 threshold for coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

**Details**

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

**Value**

A list which contains the following elements:

- genes: gene metadata for the requested genes
- coloc\_groups: a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc results for all genes
- study\_extractions: a dataframe containing the study extractions for all genes
- rare\_results: a dataframe containing the rare results for all genes

**coloc\_groups\_dataframe**

The coloc\_groups dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- coloc\_group\_id: the unique id for this group of colocated results
- study\_id: the id of the study
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP
- display\_snp: the display SNP name
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait

**study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The study\_extractions dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- id: the unique id for this study extraction
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- snp: the SNP name

- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `unique_study_id`: the unique id for this study
- `study`: the study name
- `file`: the file name
- `svg_file`: the SVG file name
- `file_with_lbf`: the file name with lbf
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `cis_trans`: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

#### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The `rare_results` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `rare_result_group_id`: the unique id for this rare result group
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- `study_extraction_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP

### **coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The `coloc_pairs` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- `study_extraction_a_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- `study_extraction_b_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `h3`: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- `h4`: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- `spurious`: whether this coloc pair is spurious

---

`get_all_gene_pleiotropies`  
*Get All Gene Pleiotropies*

---

### **Description**

Get gene pleiotropy from the API by gene id

### **Usage**

```
get_all_gene_pleiotropies()
```

### **Value**

A list containing the gene pleiotropy

- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `gene`: the name of the gene
- `distinct_trait_categories`: the number of trait categories that the gene is associated with via coloc groups
- `distinct_protein_coding_genes`: the number of genes that the gene is associated with via coloc groups

---

get\_all\_variant\_pleiotropies  
*Get All SNP Pleiotropies*

---

**Description**

Get all SNP pleiotropies from the API

**Usage**

```
get_all_variant_pleiotropies()
```

**Value**

A list containing the SNP pleiotropies

- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- display\_snp: the name of the SNP
- distinct\_trait\_categories: the number of trait categories that the SNP is associated with via coloc groups
- distinct\_protein\_coding\_genes: the number of genes that the SNP is associated with via coloc groups

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get\_gwas *Get a GWAS from the API*

---

**Description**

Get a GWAS from the API

**Usage**

```
get_gwas(gwas_id, include_associations = FALSE, include_summary_stats = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

gwas_id	The ID of the GWAS
include_associations	Whether to include associations
include_summary_stats	Whether to include summary statistics

**Value**

A list containing the GWAS information

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health_api	<i>Get API Health</i>
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**Description**

Get the health status of the API

**Usage**

```
health_api()
```

**Value**

A list containing the health status

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ld_matrix	<i>LD Matrix</i>
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---

**Description**

Get LD matrix from the API by Variant ID

**Usage**

```
ld_matrix(variant_ids = c())
```

**Arguments**

`variant_ids` A character string specifying the Variant ID. Variant IDs can be SNP IDs or variant IDs.

**Value**

A list containing the LD matrix

**ld\_dataframe**

The ld dataframe contains information about the LD matrix. It has the following columns:

- `lead_variant_id`: the id of the lead SNP
- `proxy_variant_id`: the id of the variant SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `r`: the r value between the lead and variant SNPs

---

ld_proxies	<i>LD Proxies</i>
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---

**Description**

Get LD proxies from the API by Variant ID

**Usage**

```
ld_proxies(variant_ids = c())
```

**Arguments**

`variant_ids` A character string specifying the Variant ID. Variant IDs can be SNP IDs or variant IDs.

**Value**

A list containing the LD proxies

**ld\_dataframe**

The ld dataframe contains information about the LD matrix. It has the following columns:

- `lead_variant_id`: the id of the lead SNP
- `proxy_variant_id`: the id of the variant SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `r`: the r value between the lead and variant SNPs

---

region	<i>Region</i>
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---

**Description**

A collection of studies that are associated with a particular region.

**Usage**

```
region(
  region_id,
  include_associations = FALSE,
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,
  h4_threshold = 0.8
)
```

**Arguments**

region_id	A numeric value specifying the region id
include_associations	A logical value specifying whether to include associations (BETA, SE, P), defaults to FALSE
include_coloc_pairs	A logical value specifying whether to include coloc pairs, defaults to FALSE
h4_threshold	A numeric value specifying the h4 threshold for coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

**Details**

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

**Value**

A list which contains the following elements:

- gene: A list containing metadata about the gene, including region, and neighboring genes.
- coloc\_groups: a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc results for this gene. See below for details.
- study\_extractions: a list of dataframes containing the study extractions for this trait. See below for details.
- rare\_results: (optional) a list of dataframes containing the rare results for this trait
- coloc\_pairs: (optional) a dataframe containing all pairwise coloc results for this trait.
- variants: a dataframe containing the variants for each associated coloc group or rare group.

See below for details.

**coloc\_groups\_dataframe**

The coloc\_groups dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- coloc\_group\_id: the unique id for this group of colocalised results
- study\_id: the id of the study
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP
- display\_snp: the display SNP name

- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait

### **genes\_in\_region\_dataframe**

The `genes_in_region` dataframe contains information about which genes are in a region. It has the following columns:

- id: the id of the gene
- ensembl\_id: the ensembl id of the gene
- gene: the name of the gene
- description: the description of the gene
- gene\_biotype: the gene biotype
- chr: the chromosome of the gene
- start: the start position of the gene
- stop: the stop position of the gene
- strand: the strand of the gene
- source: the source of the gene

### **study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The `study_extractions` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- id: the unique id for this study extraction
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- snp: the SNP name
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- unique\_study\_id: the unique id for this study
- study: the study name
- file: the file name
- svg\_file: the SVG file name
- file\_with\_lbfs: the file name with lbfs
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP

- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait

### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The rare\_results dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- rare\_result\_group\_id: the unique id for this rare result group
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- display\_snp: the display SNP name
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP

### **coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The coloc\_pairs dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- study\_extraction\_a\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- study\_extraction\_b\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- h3: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- h4: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- spurious: whether this coloc pair is spurious

**variants\_dataframe**

The variants dataframe contains variant information that is pulled from the Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) database. It has the following columns, along side many more columns from VEP:

- id: the id of the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene as predicted by VEP
- gene: the gene name as predicted by VEP

---

 search\_gpmap

*Search the Genotype-Phenotype Map*


---

**Description**

Search the GP Map for Traits, Genes or Variants

**Usage**

```
search_gpmap(search_text, rsquared_threshold = 0.8)
```

**Arguments**

search\_text     A character string specifying the search text

rsquared\_threshold     A numeric value specifying the rsquared threshold for proxy variants, defaults to 0.8

**Details**

After calling search, you can use call the subsequent data as described in the call column of the search results.

**Value**

A dataframe containing the search results with the following columns:

- type: the type of the search result: "original\_variant", "proxy\_variant", "trait", "gene"
- name: the name of the search result
- type\_id: the type\_id of the search result. This is the internal id in which the data can be accessed.
- call: the call to get the search result: "variant(type\_id)", "trait(type\_id)", "gene(type\_id)"
- info: a string containing information about the search result, which may include:
  - Extractions: the number of extractions
  - Colocalisation Groups: the number of colocalisation groups
  - Colocalisation Studies: the number of colocalisation studies
  - Rare Results: the number of rare results
  - Rsquared: the rsquared of the proxy variant compared to the original variant

---

trait	<i>Trait</i>
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---

### Description

A collection of studies that are associated with a particular phenotype. A trait will include a common study and occasionally a rare study. When `trait_id` is a GUID (from GWAS upload), fetches the upload result instead.

### Usage

```
trait(
  trait_id,
  include_associations = FALSE,
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,
  h4_threshold = 0.8
)
```

### Arguments

<code>trait_id</code>	A numeric value or GUID (from GWAS upload) specifying the trait id
<code>include_associations</code>	A logical value specifying whether to include associations (BETA, SE, P), defaults to FALSE
<code>include_coloc_pairs</code>	A logical value specifying whether to include coloc pairs, defaults to FALSE
<code>h4_threshold</code>	A numeric value specifying the h4 threshold for coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

### Details

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

### Value

A list which contains the following elements:

- `trait`: A list containing metadata about the trait, including common and rare studies associated with the trait
- `coloc_groups`: a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc results for this trait. See below for details.
- `study_extractions`: a list of dataframes containing the study extractions for this trait. See below for details.
- `rare_results`: (optional) a list of dataframes containing the rare results for this trait
- `coloc_pairs`: (optional) a dataframe containing all pairwise coloc results for this trait.

See below for details.

**coloc\_groups\_dataframe**

The coloc\_groups dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- coloc\_group\_id: the unique id for this group of colocalised results
- study\_id: the id of the study
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP
- display\_snp: the display SNP name
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait

**study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The study\_extractions dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- id: the unique id for this study extraction
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- snp: the SNP name
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- unique\_study\_id: the unique id for this study
- study: the study name
- file: the file name
- svg\_file: the SVG file name
- file\_with\_lbfs: the file name with lbfs
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP

- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait

### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The rare\_results dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- rare\_result\_group\_id: the unique id for this rare result group
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- display\_snp: the display SNP name
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP

### **coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The coloc\_pairs dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- study\_extraction\_a\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- study\_extraction\_b\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- h3: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- h4: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- spurious: whether this coloc pair is spurious

**variants\_dataframe**

The variants dataframe contains variant information that is pulled from the Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) database. It has the following columns, along side many more columns from VEP:

- id: the id of the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene as predicted by VEP
- gene: the gene name as predicted by VEP

---

traits	<i>Traits</i>
--------	---------------

---

**Description**

Get specific traits from the API. The API returns collapsed/combined data for all requested traits. When a trait ID is a GUID (from GWAS upload), fetches the upload result instead.

**Usage**

```
traits(
  trait_ids,
  include_associations = FALSE,
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,
  h4_threshold = 0.8
)
```

**Arguments**

**trait\_ids** A vector of trait ids (numeric) or GUIDs (from GWAS upload)

**include\_associations** A logical value specifying whether to include associations (BETA, SE, P), defaults to FALSE

**include\_coloc\_pairs** A logical value specifying whether to include coloc pairs, defaults to FALSE. Coloc pairs are fetched from a separate endpoint per trait.

**h4\_threshold** A numeric value specifying the h4 threshold for coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

**Details**

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

**Value**

A list which contains the following elements:

- **traits**: trait metadata for the requested traits
- **coloc\_groups**: a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc results for all traits. See below for details.
- **study\_extractions**: a dataframe containing the study extractions for all traits. See below for details.
- **rare\_results**: a dataframe containing the rare results for all traits
- **coloc\_pairs**: (optional) a dataframe containing all pairwise coloc results for all traits.

**coloc\_groups\_dataframe**

The **coloc\_groups** dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- **coloc\_group\_id**: the unique id for this group of colocalised results
- **study\_id**: the id of the study
- **study\_extraction\_id**: the id of the study extraction
- **variant\_id**: the id of the SNP
- **ld\_block\_id**: the id of the LD block
- **chr**: the chromosome of the SNP
- **bp**: the base pair position of the SNP
- **min\_p**: the minimum p-value related to the **study\_extraction\_id**
- **cis\_trans**: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- **ld\_block**: the LD block of the SNP
- **display\_snp**: the display SNP name
- **gene**: the gene associated with the SNP
- **gene\_id**: the id of the gene
- **trait\_id**: the id of the trait
- **trait\_name**: the name of the trait
- **trait\_category**: the category of the trait
- **data\_type**: the data type of the trait
- **tissue**: the tissue of the trait

**study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The **study\_extractions** dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- **id**: the unique id for this study extraction
- **study\_id**: the id of the study associated with this study extraction

- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `snp`: the SNP name
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `unique_study_id`: the unique id for this study
- `study`: the study name
- `file`: the file name
- `svg_file`: the SVG file name
- `file_with_lbfs`: the file name with lbfs
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `cis_trans`: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The `rare_results` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `rare_result_group_id`: the unique id for this rare result group
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- `study_extraction_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP

**coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The coloc\_pairs dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- study\_extraction\_a\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- study\_extraction\_b\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- h3: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- h4: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- spurious: whether this coloc pair is spurious

---

 upload\_gwas

*Upload a GWAS to the API*


---

**Description**

Upload a GWAS to the API

**Usage**

```
upload_gwas(
  file,
  name,
  p_value_threshold = 5e-08,
  column_names = list(),
  email = NA,
  category = "continuous",
  is_published = FALSE,
  doi = NA,
  should_be_added = FALSE,
  ancestry = "EUR",
  sample_size = NA,
  reference_build = "GRCh38",
  compare_with_upload_guids = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

file	The path to the GWAS file, maximum size is 1GB
name	The name of the GWAS
p_value_threshold	The p-value threshold for the GWAS
column_names	A list of column names in the format of: list(CHR = "chr", BP = "pos"...) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CHR: chromosome</li> </ul>

- BP: base pair position
- P: p-value
- EA: allele 1
- OA: allele 2
- EAF: allele frequency And either BETA and SE, or OR, LB, and UB
- BETA: beta
- SE: standard error
- OR: odds ratio
- LB: lower bound of the confidence interval
- UB: upper bound of the confidence interval

email	The email of the user
category	The category of the GWAS. Only "continuous" and "categorical" are accepted.
is_published	Whether the GWAS is published
doi	The DOI of the GWAS
should_be_added	Whether the GWAS should be added to the API
ancestry	The ancestry of the GWAS. Currently only "EUR" is accepted.
sample_size	The sample size of the GWAS
reference_build	The reference build of the GWAS. Only "GRCh37" and "GRCh38" are accepted.
compare_with_upload_guids	A vector of GUIDs of uploads to compare with

**Value**

A list containing the GWAS information

---

variant

*Variant*

---

**Description**

A collection of studies that are associated with a particular variant.

**Usage**

```
variant(
  variant_id,
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,
  h4_threshold = 0.8,
  include_summary_stats = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

variant_id	A character string specifying the SNP ID
include_coloc_pairs	A logical value specifying whether to include coloc pairs
h4_threshold	A numeric value specifying the cutoff for included coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8. Only used if include_coloc_pairs is TRUE.
include_summary_stats	A logical value specifying whether to include summary stats

## Details

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

## Value

A list which contains the following elements:

- variant: named list containing the variant information
- coloc\_groups: a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc results for this variant
- rare\_results: a list of dataframes containing the rare variants
- study\_extractions: a list of dataframes containing the study extractions
- summary\_stats (optional): a list of dataframes containing the summary stats for each study, where the name of each element is the study\_id. Column names are uppercase (e.g. SNP, BP, BETA, SE, LBF\_1).
- coloc\_pairs (optional): a dataframe containing information about which studies have coloc pairs for this variant where the study\_extraction\_a\_id and study\_extraction\_b\_id are the study\_extraction\_ids of the two studies. h4\_threshold is the cutoff for included coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

## coloc\_groups\_dataframe

The coloc\_groups dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- coloc\_group\_id: the unique id for this group of colocalised results
- study\_id: the id of the study
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP

- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The `rare_results` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `rare_result_group_id`: the unique id for this rare result group
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- `study_extraction_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP

### **study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The `study_extractions` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `id`: the unique id for this study extraction
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this study extraction
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `snp`: the SNP name

- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `unique_study_id`: the unique id for this study
- `study`: the study name
- `file`: the file name
- `svg_file`: the SVG file name
- `file_with_lbf`: the file name with lbf
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `cis_trans`: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

### **summary\_statistics\_dataframe**

The `summary_statistics` dataframe contains information about which studies have summary statistics. From the API, column names are typically uppercase (SNP, CHR, BP, EA, OA, EAF, Z, BETA, SE, P, LBF\_1, etc.). It has the following columns (names may be upper or lower case depending on source):

- `SNP / variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `CHR / chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `BP / bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `EA / ea`: the effect allele
- `OA / oa`: the other allele
- `EAF / eaf`: the estimated allele frequency
- `Z / z`: the z-score
- `BETA / beta`: the beta value
- `SE / se`: the standard error
- `P / p`: the p-value
- `imputed`: whether the summary statistics are imputed
- `LBF_* / lbf_*`: all different finemapped log-bayes factors for each credible set. Each credible set is numbered from 1 to 10. If finemapped failed or only returned 1 credible set, the `LBF_1` column is just converted directly from the z-score.

**coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The coloc\_pairs dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- study\_extraction\_a\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- study\_extraction\_b\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- h3: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- h4: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- spurious: whether this coloc pair is spurious

---

 variants
 

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---

*Variants*


---

**Description**

Get specific variants from the API. The API accepts variant identifiers (variant\_ids, rsids, or strings) and returns collapsed/combined data. The API distinguishes between identifier types automatically. Max 10 variants when expand=TRUE.

**Usage**

```
variants(
  variants,
  expand = FALSE,
  include_associations = FALSE,
  include_coloc_pairs = FALSE,
  h4_threshold = 0.8
)
```

**Arguments**

variants	A vector of variant identifiers (variant_ids, rsids, or strings)
expand	Logical. FALSE (default) returns minimal data. TRUE returns full VariantResponse (max 10)
include_associations	Logical. Whether to include associations (BETA, SE, P). Only when expand=TRUE
include_coloc_pairs	Logical. Whether to include coloc pairs. Only when expand=TRUE
h4_threshold	Numeric. H4 threshold for coloc pairs, defaults to 0.8

**Details**

The dataframes returned by this function are as follows:

**Value**

A list which contains the following elements:

- variants: a dataframe containing the variants for all requested variants
- coloc\_groups: (if expanded) a dataframe containing the coloc groups for all variants
- study\_extractions: (if expanded) a dataframe containing the study extractions for all variants
- rare\_results: (if expanded) a dataframe containing the rare results for all variants

**coloc\_groups\_dataframe**

The coloc\_groups dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- coloc\_group\_id: the unique id for this group of colocated results
- study\_id: the id of the study
- study\_extraction\_id: the id of the study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- min\_p: the minimum p-value related to the study\_extraction\_id
- cis\_trans: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- ld\_block: the LD block of the SNP
- display\_snp: the display SNP name
- gene: the gene associated with the SNP
- gene\_id: the id of the gene
- trait\_id: the id of the trait
- trait\_name: the name of the trait
- trait\_category: the category of the trait
- data\_type: the data type of the trait
- tissue: the tissue of the trait

**study\_extractions\_dataframe**

The study\_extractions dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- id: the unique id for this study extraction
- study\_id: the id of the study associated with this study extraction
- variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- snp: the SNP name
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block

- `unique_study_id`: the unique id for this study
- `study`: the study name
- `file`: the file name
- `svg_file`: the SVG file name
- `file_with_lbf`: the file name with lbf
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `cis_trans`: the cis/trans status of the SNP
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait

#### **rare\_results\_dataframe**

The `rare_results` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc results. It has the following columns:

- `rare_result_group_id`: the unique id for this rare result group
- `study_id`: the id of the study associated with this rare result
- `study_extraction_id`: the id of the study extraction associated with this rare result
- `variant_id`: the id of the SNP
- `ld_block_id`: the id of the LD block
- `chr`: the chromosome of the SNP
- `bp`: the base pair position of the SNP
- `min_p`: the minimum p-value related to the `study_extraction_id`
- `display_snp`: the display SNP name
- `gene`: the gene associated with the SNP
- `gene_id`: the id of the gene
- `trait_id`: the id of the trait
- `trait_name`: the name of the trait
- `trait_category`: the category of the trait
- `data_type`: the data type of the trait
- `tissue`: the tissue of the trait
- `ld_block`: the LD block of the SNP

**summary\_statistics\_dataframe**

The `summary_statistics` dataframe contains information about which studies have summary statistics. From the API, column names are typically uppercase (SNP, CHR, BP, EA, OA, EAF, Z, BETA, SE, P, LBF\_1, etc.). It has the following columns (names may be upper or lower case depending on source):

- SNP / variant\_id: the id of the SNP
- CHR / chr: the chromosome of the SNP
- BP / bp: the base pair position of the SNP
- EA / ea: the effect allele
- OA / oa: the other allele
- EAF / eaf: the estimated allele frequency
- Z / z: the z-score
- BETA / beta: the beta value
- SE / se: the standard error
- P / p: the p-value
- imputed: whether the summary statistics are imputed
- LBF\_\* / lbf\_\*: all different finemapped log-bayes factors for each credible set. Each credible set is numbered from 1 to 10. If finemapped failed or only returned 1 credible set, the LBF\_1 column is just converted directly from the z-score.

**coloc\_pairs\_dataframe**

The `coloc_pairs` dataframe contains information about which studies have coloc pairs. It has the following columns:

- study\_extraction\_a\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- study\_extraction\_b\_id: the id of the study extraction associated with this coloc pair
- ld\_block\_id: the id of the LD block
- h3: the h3 value for this coloc pair
- h4: the h4 value for this coloc pair
- spurious: whether this coloc pair is spurious

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