

# Package: mr.genius (via r-universe)

May 19, 2026

**Title** GENIUS-MAWII: For Robust Mendelian Randomization with Many Weak Invalid Instruments

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** Mendelian randomization (MR) has become a popular approach to study causal effects by using genetic variants as instrumental variables. This package implements GENIUS-MAWII. Reference: Ting Ye, Zhonghua Liu, Baoluo Sun, and Eric Tchetgen Tchetgen (2021). GENIUS-MAWII: For Robust Mendelian Randomization with Many Weak Invalid Instruments. Available at <https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.06238>.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Imports** lmtest, rootSolve, sandwich, ggplot2

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.3

**Repository** <https://mrcieu.r-universe.dev>

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**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/remlapmot/mr.genius>

**RemoteRef** suggestions

**RemoteSha** 129fdb43f77409b3d0dcc5209c42b6d3347c9173

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`data_gen`*Simulate dataset*

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**Description**

Simulate dataset

**Usage**`data_gen(m, n, beta0, gamma, case = "case2")`**Arguments**

<code>m</code>	Number of SNPs
<code>n</code>	Sample size
<code>beta0</code>	True causal effect
<code>gamma</code>	A parameter that controls the magnitude of heteroscedasticity, i.e., the identification strength
<code>case</code>	Simulation scenarios used in Table 1 in Ye et al., (2021)

**Value**

A list

`z` A  $n \times m$  matrix of SNPs.`a` A  $n$ -dimensional vector for the exposure.`y` A  $n$ -dimensional vector for the outcome.**References**

Ting Ye, Zhonghua Liu, Baoluo Sun, and Eric Tchetgen Tchetgen (2021). GENIUS-MAWII: For Robust Mendelian Randomization with Many Weak Invalid Instruments. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.06238>.

**Examples**`df<-data_gen(m=100,n=1e5,beta=0.4,gamma=0.1)`

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data_gen_x	<i>Simulate a dataset with covariates</i>
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## Description

Simulate a dataset with covariates

## Usage

```
data_gen_x(m, n, beta0, gamma)
```

## Arguments

m	Number of SNPs
n	Sample size
beta0	True causal effect
gamma	A parameter that controls the magnitude of heteroscedasticity, i.e., the identification strength

## Value

A list

- z** A  $n \times m$  matrix of SNPs.
- a** A  $n$ -dimensional vector for the exposure.
- y** A  $n$ -dimensional vector for the outcome.
- x** A  $n \times 2$  matrix for the covariate.

## References

Ting Ye, Zhonghua Liu, Baoluo Sun, and Eric Tchetgen Tchetgen (2021). GENIUS-MAWII: For Robust Mendelian Randomization with Many Weak Invalid Instruments. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.06238>.

## Examples

```
df<-data_gen_x(m=100,n=1e5,beta=0.4,gamma=0.1)
```

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 mr.genius

*Main function for GENIUS-MAWII*


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## Description

Main function for GENIUS-MAWII

## Usage

```
mr.genius(z, a, y, x = NULL, alpha = 0.05, diagnostics = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

<code>z</code>	A $n \times m$ matrix of SNPs, where $n$ is the sample size, $m$ is the number of SNPs
<code>a</code>	A $n$ -dimensional vector for the exposure
<code>y</code>	A $n$ -dimensional vector for the outcome
<code>x</code>	A $n \times p$ matrix for the covariate, where $p$ is the number of covariates. Default is NULL, when there is no covariates
<code>alpha</code>	Confidence interval has level $1 - \alpha$ . Default is 0.05
<code>diagnostics</code>	Should the function returns the residual plot for assumption diagnosis. Default is FALSE

## Value

A list

**beta.hat** Estimated causal effect

**beta.se** Standard error of `beta.hat`

**ci** A  $1 - \alpha$  confidence interval

**J** J statistic, which is often used to test overidentification. J statistic larger than  $1 - \alpha$  quantile of chi-square distribution ( $df = \dim(Z) - 1$ ) indicates that not all SNPs satisfy our assumptions.

**f.statistic** F-statistic as a measure of weak identification. It is recommended to be larger than 2.

## References

Ting Ye, Zhonghua Liu, Baoluo Sun, and Eric Tchetgen Tchetgen (2021). GENIUS-MAWII: For Robust Mendelian Randomization with Many Weak Invalid Instruments. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.06238>.

## Examples

```
df<-data_gen(m=20,n=1e5,beta=0.4,gamma=0.1)
mr.genius(df$z,df$a,df$y,diagnostics=TRUE)
```

```
df<-data_gen_x(m=10,n=2e3,beta=0.4,gamma=1)
mr.genius(df$z,df$a,df$y,df$x)
```

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